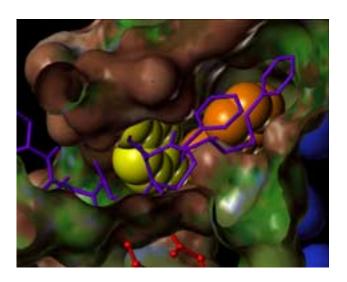
# **Supporting Information for**

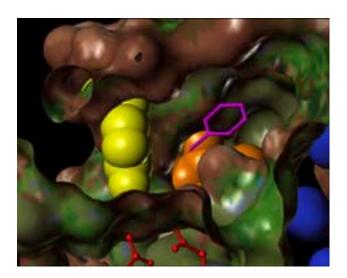
## From Peptides to Non-Peptide Peptidomimetics: Design and Synthesis of New Piperidine Inhibitors of Aspartic Peptidases

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**Figure 2.** X-ray structure of **6** bound in porcine pepsin active site. Flap, light brown; **6**, purple; Asp32 & Asp215, red; Try75, yellow; Trp39, orange.



**Figure 7.** Active site of porcine pepsin after flap opening and rotating Tyr75 and Trp39 side-chains. Flap, light brown; S-Benzyl **7**, pink; Asp32 & Asp215, red; Try75, yellow; Trp39, orange.

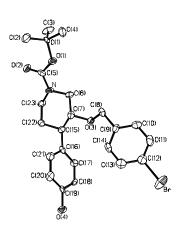


Figure 8. X-ray structure of Phenol 23.

**Figure 9.** Comparison of piperidine inhibitors **11** & **12** with paroxetine.

## **Experimentals**

#### A. General

All reactions were carried out under an atmosphere of argon using flame or oven dried glassware. A Buchi rotary evaporator equipped with a water condenser, a dry ice trap, and a water aspirator was used for the concentrated *in vacuo* steps. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) was distilled from Na/benzophenone. Dichloromethane (DCM) was distilled from calcium hydride. All other solvents and reagents were purchased from Aldrich and used without further purification.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were taken on a 300 MHz Bruker Aspect 3000 system at ambient temperature. Chemical shifts were reported in ppm (δ units) downfield from tetramethylsilane (TMS) as the internal standard except for MeOH-d<sub>4</sub> where solvent peaks were used as the internal standard. Electron Impact mass spectra (EIMS) was determined on a ?? spectrometer. Fast atom bombardment (FAB) mass spectra was determined on a ?? Spec spectrometer.

Liquid chromatography was performed by flash chromatography using Merck grade 60 silica gel (230-400 mesh). Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was run on Merck Kiesselgel  $60F_{254}$  precoated plates of 0.25 mm thickness. For visualization, either ultraviolet light, polyphosphomolybdic acid and cerium sulfate in EtOH with  $H_2SO_4$ , or ninhydrin in EtOH with  $H_2SO_4$  was used.

### **B. Procedures**

tert-Butyl 4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyridine-1-carboxylate (13). To a stirred solution of 4-phenyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine hydrochloride (5.17 g, 26.4 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (200 mL) was added triethylamine (7.36 mL, 52.8 mmol). After stirring 15 min a solution of Boc<sub>2</sub>O (6.92 g, 31.7 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (10 mL) and DMAP (0.16 g, 1.3 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir overnight. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 mL), washed with 1N HCl (3 x 75 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification via flash column chromatography (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) afforded 6.33 g (93%) of **13** as a light yellow solid. TLC R<sub>f</sub> = 0.60 (100% DCM); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.29-7.37 (m, 5H), 5.90 (bs, 1H), 3.96 (d, J= 2.1Hz, 2H), 3.52 (t, J= 5.6Hz, 2H), 2.40 (bs, 2H), 1.40 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  154.91, 140.71,135.41, 128.43, 124.92, 79.66, 43.72, 39.90, 28.52, 27.41; EI-MS: Calculated for [C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>] 259.1562 found 259.1572.

(R, R)-tert-Butyl-3,4-dihydroxy-4-phenyl-piperidine-1-carboxylate (14). To a stirred solution of ADmix-α (26.99 g) in tBuOH (95 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (95 mL) was added CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> (1.83 g, 19.3 mmol). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0° C followed by addition of 13 (5.00 g, 19.3 mmol). The reaction was stirred at 0° C for 30 min and allowed to stir overnight at rt. To the reaction mixture was added Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub> (28.95 g) followed by stirring for 1 h then addition of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (180 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer washed with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (4 x 70 mL). The combined organics were washed with 2N KOH (150 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification via flash column chromatography (hexanes/ EtOAc 7:3) afforded 5.34 g (95%) of 8 as white foam. TLC R<sub>f</sub> = 0.31 (30% EtOAc-hexane); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.18 (m, 1H), 4.00 (m, 2H), 3.84 (dd, J=10.5, 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.26 (m, 2H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.48 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ 156.50, 147.28, 129.08, 127.72, 126.45, 81.85, 75.19, 72.00, 46.24, 40.03, 39.37, 28.71; ESI-MS: Calculated for [C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 294.1705 found 294.1703.

(R, R)-tert-Butyl-3-hydroxy-4-phenyl-piperidine-1-carboxylate (**15**). To a vigorously stirred solution of **14** (5.34 g, 18.2 mmol) in EtOH (180 mL) was added approx. 1 g Raney-Nickel (50/50 water slurry). The stirred suspension was heated to reflux for 5 h. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool to rt, filtered over a celite pad, and rinsed with copious amounts of EtOH. (**Note**: Caution must be taken as Raney-Nickel will ignite if allowed to dry). The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and purification via flash column chromatography (hexanes/ EtOAc 7:3) afforded 4.08 g (81%) of **15** as a white foam. TLC  $R_f = 0.51$  (30% EtOAc-hexane); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.35 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 4.38 (m, 1H), 4.19 (m, 1H),

3.67 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 1H), 2.63 (m, 1H), 2.52 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.60 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H);  $^{13}$ C NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  156.16, 144.01, 129.37, 128.90, 127.49, 81.11, 71.03, 52.00, 45.38, 44.63, 33.89, 28.74; ESI-MS: Calculated for [C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 278.1756 found 278.1757.

(*R, R*)-tert-Butyl-3-(4-bromo-benzyloxy)-4-phenyl-piperidine-1-carboxylate (**16**). To a stirred suspension of NaH (0.035 g of a 60% suspension, 8.65 mmol) in DMF (4 mL) at 0° C was added **15** (0.20 g, 7.21 mmol) in DMF (6 mL) via canula. Following stirring for 1 h at 0° C *p*-bromobenzyl bromide (0.69 g, 4.0 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture. The reaction was stirred at 0° C for 1 h and allowed to stir overnight at rt. To the reaction mixture was added  $Et_2O$  (50 mL) and the mixture washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 25 mL) and brine (20 mL). The organic layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification via flash column chromatography (hexanes/ EtOAc 4:1) afforded 0.25 g (77%) of **16** as a white solid. TLC  $R_f = 0.48$  (20% EtOAc-hexane); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.26 (m, 7H), 6.7 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.50-4.07 (m, 4H), 3.37 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 1H), 2.27 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.61 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 160.60, 142.65, 137.09, 131.83, 131.24, 130.01, 129.30, 128.42, 127.10, 126.71, 79.92, 78.25, 75.05, 71.06, 64.86, 49.76, 32.17, 28.45; ESI-MS: Calculated for  $[C_{23}H_{29}NO_3Br]^+$  446.1331 found 446.1310.

(R, R)-3-(4-bromo-benzyloxy)-4-phenyl-piperidine-hydrochloride (**12**). To a stirred solution of **12** (0.035 g, 0.08 mmol) was added 4N HCl-dioxane (1 mL). Tituration with Et<sub>2</sub>O afforded 0.026 g (87%) of **12** used without further purification. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  7.34-7.25 (m, 7H), 6.7 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.35 (d, J=11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (d, J= 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (ddd, J= 15.0, 10.5, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.78-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.52-3.39 (m, 2H), 2.93-2,69 (m, 2H), 2.07-1.97 (m, 2H); FAB-MS: Calculated for [C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NOBr]<sup>+</sup> 346.0807 found 346.0790.

tert-Butyl 1,2,3,6-Tetrahydro-4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyloxy]-pyridine-1-carboxylate (17). A solution of t-butyl 4-oxypiperidine-1-carboxylate (3.25, 16.3 mmol) in THF (25 mL) was added dropwise over 25 min to a stirred solution of LDA (1.5 M in hexanes, 12.0 mL, 17.9 mmol) in THF (25 mL) at -78° C. After stirring for 20 min, a solution of N-phenyltrifluoromethanesulfonamide (6.24 g, 17.5 mmol) in THF (25 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred for 3.5 h at 0° C. The reaction was concentrated *in vacuo* and filtered over a pad of alumina (hexanes/ EtOAc 9:1) to afford 4.9 (91%) g of 17 as an pale yellow oil used without further purification.

4-phenoxy-tert-butyl-dimethyl-silane boronic acid (18). A solution of n-BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 10.4 mL, 26.1 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred solution of (4-Bromo-phenoxy)-tert-butyl-dimethyl-

silane (6.0 g, 21.0 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at  $-78^{\circ}$  C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min at  $-78^{\circ}$  C and triisopropyl borate (4.7 mL, 41.8 mmol) was added rapidly. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at  $-78^{\circ}$  C and rt for 1 h. The reaction mixture was partitioned between 10% aqueous HCl (100 mL) and EtOAc (200 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (2 x 50 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated in vacuo to afford 4.9 g (92%) of **18** as an off white solid used without further purification.

tert-Butyl 4-[4-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanoxy-phenyl]-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyridine-1-carboxylate (**19**). A three neck flask was charged with triflate **17** (3.81 g, 11.8 mmol), boronic acid **18** (4.03 g, 16.0 mmol), LiCl (1.50 g, 35.5 mmol), aq Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub> (16.56 mL of a 2N solution), 1,2-dimethoxyethane (DME, 35 mL) and Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (0.68 g, 0.59 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 2 h followed by cooling to rt and concentration under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was partitioned between CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (125 mL), aqueous 2N Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub> (100 mL), and concentrated NH<sub>4</sub>OH (6 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer extracted again with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 x 125 mL). The combined organics were dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting black residue was purified via flash column chromatography (hexanes/ CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/ EtOAc 9:1:1) to afford 2.3 g (52%) of **19** as a light yellow oil. TLC R<sub>f</sub> = 0.59 (30% EtOAc-hexane); H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.30 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.95 (bs, 1H), 4.01 (d, J= 2.2Hz, 2H), 3.59 (t, J= 5.7Hz, 2H), 2.46 (bs, 2H), 1.50 (s, 9H), 0.98 (s, 9H), 0.19 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  155.01, 134.72, 133.76, 125.82, 119.92, 119.07, 79.56, 43.68, 41.03, 28.48, 27.35, 25.66, 18.20, -4.43. EI-MS: Calculated for [C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>35</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>Si] 389.2393 found 389.2386

tert-Butyl 4-[4-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanoxy-phenyl]-3,4-dihydroxy-piperidine-1-carboxylate (**20**). To a stirred solution of AD-mix- $\alpha$  (7.94 g) in tBuOH (20 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL) was added CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> (0.54 g, 5.67 mmol). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0° C followed by the addition of **19** (2.21 g, 5.67 mmol) with tBuOH (9 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (9 mL). The reaction was stirred at 0° C for 30 min and allowed to stir overnight at rt. To the reaction mixture was added Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub> (8.51 g) followed by stirring for 1 h then addition of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (60 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer washed with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (4 x 30 mL). The combined organics were washed with 2N KOH (50 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification via flash column chromatography (hexanes/ EtOAc 7:3) afforded 2.20 g (92%) of **20** as a white foam. TLC R<sub>f</sub> = 0.43 (30% EtOAc-hexane); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  7.38 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.04, (dd, J= 12.3, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.91-3.82 (m, 2H), 3.17-3.06 (m, 2H), 1.88 (ddd, J= 18.4, 13.6, 4.6, 1 H), 1.73-1.68 (m, 1 H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.00 (s, 9H), 0.19 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  156.49, 155.66, 140.19, 127.67, 120.57, 81.15, 74.91, 71.99, 46.68, 40.58,

39.46, 28.72, 26.19, 19.03, -4.28; FAB-MS: Calculated for  $[C_{22}H_{37}NO_5SiNa]^+$  446.2339 found 446.2337.

(*R, R*)-tert-Butyl 3-hydroxy-4-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-piperidine-1-carboxylate (**21**). To a solution of **20** (2.0 g, 4.7 mmol) in THF at 0°C was added TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 9.44 mL, 9.4 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0° C for 1 h and 1 h at rt. To the reaction mixture was added acetic acid (1 mL) and EtOAc (200 mL). The reaction mixture was washed with NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (2 x 60 mL) and brine (60 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a tan colored oil. This residue was dissolved in EtOH (200 mL) and approx. 1 g of Raney-Nickel (50/50 water slurry) was added with vigorous stirring. The stirred suspension was heated to reflux for 4 h. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool to rt, filtered over a celite pad, and rinsed with EtOH (300 mL). (**Note**: Caution must be taken as Raney-Nickel will ignite if allowed to dry). The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and purification via flash column chromatography (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/ MeOH 95:5) afforded 1.10 g (80%) of **21** as a white foam. TLC R<sub>f</sub> = 0.47 (93% DCM-MeOH); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.05 (d, J= 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J= 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.30 (s, 1H), 4.33-4.10 (m, 3H), 3.48 (m, 1H), 2.74 (m, 1H), 2.66 (m, 1H), 2.42 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 156.18, 144.23, 129.48, 128.73, 127.49, 81.11, 71.12, 52.23, 45.78, 44.63, 33.89, 28.52; FAB-MS: Calculated for [C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Na] <sup>1</sup> 316.1525 found 316.1532.

(*R,R*)-tert-Butyl3-(4-bromo-benzyloxy)-4-(4-triisopropylsilanyloxy-phenyl)-piperidine-1-carboxylate (22). To a stirred solution of 21 (0.58 g, 1.98 mmol) and imidazole (0.30 g, 4.35 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) at 0° C was added TIPS-Cl (0.53 mL, 2.47 mmol). The reaction was stirred at 0° C for 30 min and allowed to stir overnight at rt. The reaction mixture was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL), brine (25 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification via flash column chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc 4:1) afforded 0.80 g (90%) of the protected phenol as a white foam. TLC R<sub>f</sub> = 0.29 (98% DCM-MeOH); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.10 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.39-4.16 (m, 2H), 3.59 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.61 (m, 2H), 2.45 (m, 1H), 1.77 (m, 3H), 1.48 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 155.23, 154.67, 133.41, 128.67, 120.20, 79.78, 71.05, 50.75, 49.78, 43.58, 31.97, 28.42, 17.89, 12.63; ESI-MS: Calculated for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>44</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Si]<sup>+</sup> 450.3039 found 450.3022.

To a stirred suspension of NaH (0.10 g of a 60% suspension, 2.4 mmol) in THF (350 mL) at  $0^{\circ}$  C was added the alcohol (0.90 g, 2.0 mmol). Following stirring for 1 h at rt p-bromobenzyl bromide (0.69 g, 4.0 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated to  $50^{\circ}$  C and allowed to stir overnight. To the reaction mixture was added EtOAc (100 mL) and  $H_2O$  (25 mL). The layers were separated and the organic layer dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification via flash column chromatography (hexanes/ EtOAc 5:1) afforded 0.84 g (67%) of **22** as a white solid. TLC  $R_f = 0.57$  (20% EtOAc-

hexane); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.31 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (overlapping doublets, J= 8.0 Hz, 4H), 4.43-4.11 (m, 4H), 3.32 (m, 1H), 2.74 (m, 1H), 2.59 (m, 2H), 1.17 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.26 (m, 6H), 1.12 (d, J= 6.8, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  154.81, 154.64, 137.16, 135.03, 131.26, 129.27, 128.63, 121.33, 119,76, 79.83, 78.47, 71.20, 48.95, 47.95, 44.14, 32.26, 28.45, 17.94, 12.68; ESI-MS: Calculated for  $[C_{32}H_{49}NO_4Si]^+$  618.2614 found 618.2625.

(*R, R*)-tert-Butyl 3-(4-bromo-benzyloxy)-4-(4-hydro-phenyl)-piperidine-1-carboxylate (**23**). A solution of TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 2.67 mL, 2.67 mmol) was added semi-dropwise to a stirred solution of **22** (0.83 g, 1.34 mmol) in THF (80 mL) at 0° C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0° C for 1 h then 8 h at rt. To the reaction mixture was added acetic acid (1 mL) and EtOAc (200 mL). The reaction mixture was washed with NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (2 x 60 mL) and brine (60 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification via flash column chromatography (hexanes/ EtOAc 4:1) afforded 0.53 g (86%) of **23** as a white foam. TLC R<sub>f</sub> = 0.23 (20% EtOAc-hexane); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.31 (d, J= 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (overlapping doublets, J= 8.5 Hz, 4H), 5.17 (s, 1H), 4.32-4.09 (m, 4H), 3.31 (m, 1H), 2.75 (m, 1H), 2.59 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.6 (m, 3H), 1.49 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.76, 154.68, 137.06, 134.42, 131.20, 129.25, 128.85, 121.30, 115.19, 80.18, 78.32, 71.02, 48.72, 47.54, 44.07, 32.23, 28.43; ESI-MS: Calculated for [C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>29</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Br]<sup>+</sup> 462.1280 found 462.1286.

(R, R)-tert-Butyl-3-(4-bromo-benzyloxy)-4-[4-(2-naphthalen-1-yl-2-oxo-ethoxy)-phenyl]-piperidine-1-carboxylate (24). A stirred suspension of  $K_2CO_3$  (0.038g, 0.27 mmol) and 23 (0.025 g, 0.054 mmol) in acetone (5 mL) was heated to reflux. 2-Bromo-2'-acetonaphthone (0.016 g, 0.065 mmol) was added with acetone (1 mL) and stirred at reflux overnight. To the reaction mixture was added DCM (10 mL) and the mixture washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 5 mL) and brine (5 mL). The organic layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification via flash column chromatography (hexanes/ EtOAc 4:1) afforded 0.026 g (76%) of 24 as a clear oil. TLC  $R_f$  = 0.24 (20% EtOAc-hexane); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.58 (s, 1H), 8.08-7.88 (m, 4H), 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.30 (d, J= 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, J= 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, J= 8.7Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, J= 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (s, 2H), 4.40-4.07 (m, 4H), 3.30 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 1H) 2.56 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 194.53, 156.84, 154.58, 137.02, 135.89, 135.71, 132.24, 131.22, 129.96, 129.62, 129.30, 128.88, 128.83, 128.77, 128.68, 128.58, 127.87, 127.02, 123.60, 114.68, 79.87, 78.20, 71.02, 70.97, 48.79, 47.98, 43.95, 32.15, 28.41; ESI-MS: Calculated for  $[C_{33}H_{37}NO_5Br]^+$  630.1855 found 630.1886.

(R,R)-3-(4-bromo-benzyloxy)-4-[4-(2-naphthalen-1-yl-2-oxo-ethoxy)-phenyl]-piperidine-hydrochloride (11). To 24 (0.020 g, 0.03 mmol) was added 4N HCl-dioxane (1 mL). Tituration with Et<sub>2</sub>O afforded

 $0.014 \text{ g } (83\%) \text{ of } \mathbf{11} \text{ used without further purification.} ^1\text{H NMR } (\text{CD}_3\text{OD}_3) \delta 8.72 \text{ (s, 1H), } 8.10-7.94 \text{ (m, 4H), } 7.71-7.61 \text{ (m, 2H), } 7.32 \text{ (d, J= }8.2 \text{ Hz, 2H), } 7.16 \text{ (d, J= }8.6 \text{ Hz, 2H), } 6.97 \text{ (d, J= }8.6 \text{ Hz, 2H), } 6.81 \text{ (d, J= }8.5 \text{ Hz, 2H), } 5.61 \text{ (s, 2H), } 4.34 \text{ (d, J=12.1 Hz, 1H), } 4.11 \text{ (d, J=12.2 Hz, 1H), } 3.58 \text{ (m, 2H), } 3.31 \text{ (m, 1H), } 2.79-2.54 \text{ (m, 3H), } 1.81-1.62 \text{ (m, 2H); EI-MS: Calculated for } [\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{29}\text{NO}_3\text{Br}]^+ 530.1331 \text{ found } 530.1341$ 

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